

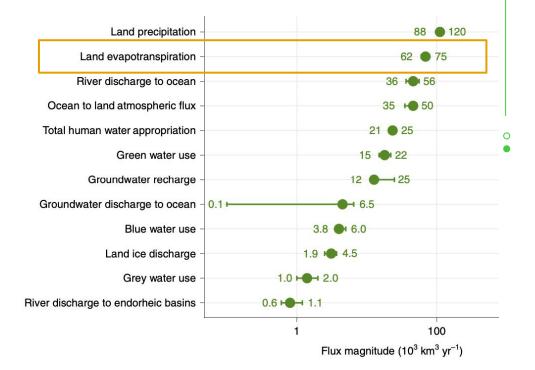
Emulating Disturbance Effects on Evapotranspiration: Supporting Land Management & Water Resources Planning

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Why ET

- Lots of approaches to measuring ET
 - Physical equations
 - Direct & indirect empirical estimates
 - Remote-sensing versions of the above





From Abbott, et al. 2019 Figure1

No "Disturbance" in ET formulas

Approaches:

- Develop multiple parameterizations
- Couple hydrologic and vegetation models
- Apply an empirical correction
- Treat time series as observations

 $ET_o = 0.0023 (T_{mean} + 17.8) (T_{max} - T_{min})^{0.5} R_a$ $\lambda ET = \frac{\Delta(R_n - G) + \rho_a c_p \frac{(e_s - e_s)}{r_a}}{r_a}$ $\Delta + \gamma \left(1 + \frac{r_s}{r_s}\right)$ RHES WATER GEOLOG $ET = 101.49 * e^{(2.6853*NDVI)}$



Disturbance matters!

- Wildfire Crisis Strategy
 landscapes
 - Unplanned (wildfire)
 - Planned (fuels treatments)
- Are treatments working?





Adaptive Management

- 1. Plan
- 2. Forecast & Monitor
- 3. Evaluate Outcomes
- 4. Reassess & Revise



Measure treatment impacts against expectations

2. Forecast & Monitor

Forecast plan impacts and monitor results

1. Plan

Create management plans to maximize stakeholder benefits 4. Reassess & Revise

weights and treatment

Update objective

options

Iterative Modeling

- 1. Explore and collate historic data
- 2. Build models
- 3. Predict and observe
- 4. Evaluate and refit

1. Collate Timeseries

Develop Foundation Model time series of ecosystem response

2. Build Models

Create emulation response functions

3. Predict & Observe

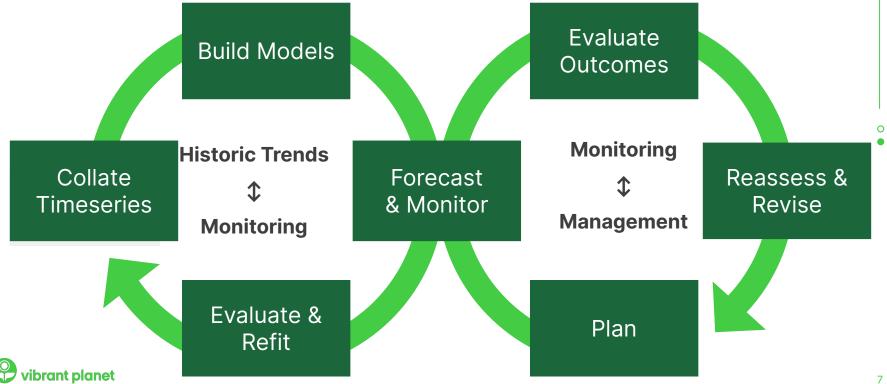
Forecast plan impacts and monitor results

4. Evaluate & Refit

Inspect model performance for systematic errors



Linking Trends, Monitoring, and Impact



Emulating ET for Adaptive Management

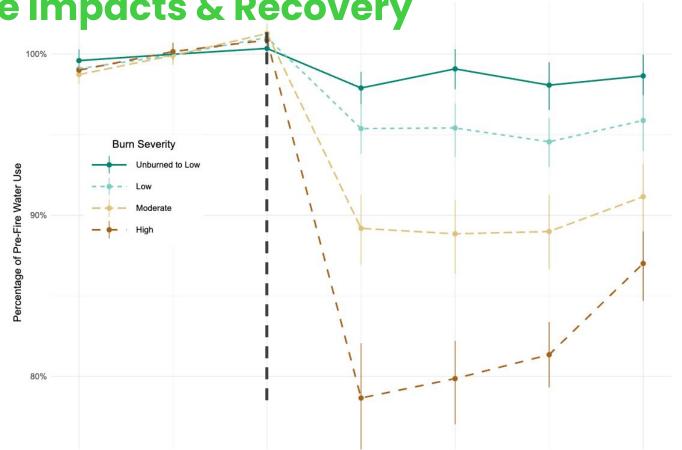
- Forest management impacts
- Post-disturbance water resources planning – FIRO
- Landscape-scale resilience and water availability





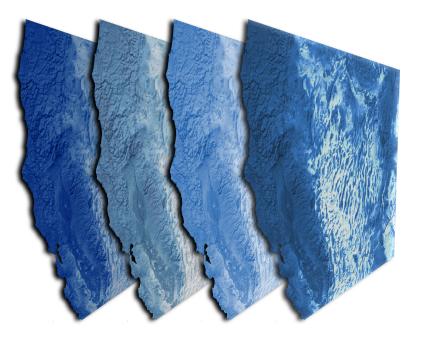
Exploratory Work Post-Fire Impacts & Recovery

Summarized OpenET data for the 2018 Kerlin Fire



Current Model Form & Inputs

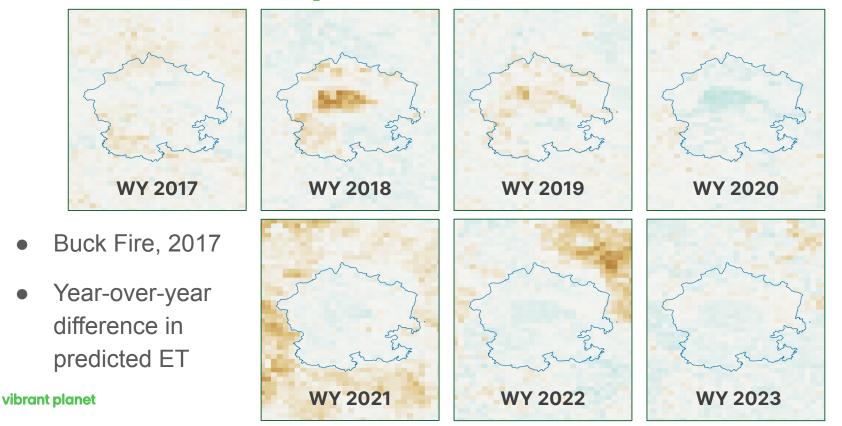
- LSTM (Long short-term memory)
- Water year ET
- Inputs
 - Weather (PET, CWD)
 - Geomorphology
 - Vegetation type and structure*
 - Historic loss*





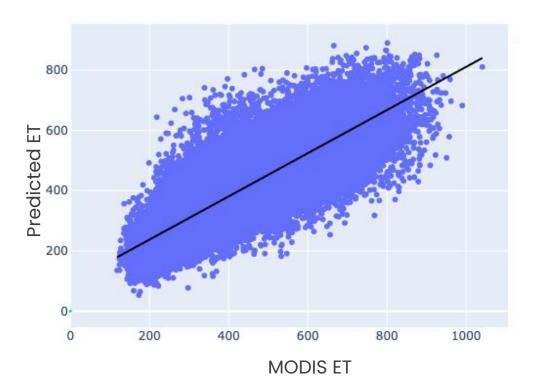
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Modeled Fire Response



Global Model Metrics (prototype)

- Good performance with minimum tuning
- Median RMSE: 48.8639
- Median Bias: -10.7886
- Should reduce noise with higher resolution ET





Next Steps

- Compare ET sources
 - MODIS, OpenET, ESPA, others?
- Extend time series
- Evaluated against disturbed watersheds water balance data

